## MANY AMENDMENTS.

THE ELECTION BILL'S ROCKY ROAD IN THE HOUSE,

Mr. Lehlbach's Amendment to the Law Rejected by a Voto of 138 to 132.

Senator Plumb on the Leasing of School Lands in Oklahoma Territory.

Conference Committee on the Legislative Appropriation Bill Unable to Agree-Idaho Admission Bill-Postal Readjustment-Washington Notes.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

SIGNAL OFFICE, WICHITA, Kan., July 1.—The highest temperature was 88° the lowest up to 7 p. m. 67°, and the mean with cooler partly cloudy weather, light northerly winds and nearly stationary

Last year on July 1, the highest temperature was 84°, the lowest 69°, and the mean 76°, and two years ago the correponding temperatures were 94, 74 and 84. FRED L. JOHNSON, Observer.

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C. July 1, 8 p. m.-Forecast until 8 p. m.

For Missouri and Kansas-Fair, westerly winds, stationary temperature, except in couthwestern Missouri cooler.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, July 1.—The house re-sumed the consideration of the federal election bill, the pending amendment be-ing that offered by Mr. Lehlbach, of New York, providing that the chief supervisor of election for each judicial district of the United States shall take such action as is Cancel States shall take such action as is required to secure such supervision in every congressional district as is provided by the laws of the United States.

On a rising vote, the amendment was rejected. Tellers were demanded and on a vote by tellers the amendment was lost

- reas 182, nays 138.

Mr. Hemphill, of South Carolina, offered on amendment eliminating from the bill the provision for the United States boards. the provision for the United States boards of canvassers and providing that from the returns of the supervisors the chief supervisor shall tabulate and forward to the speaker of the house to be submitted by him to the boase the results as they appear therefrom in each congressional district under his jurisdiction in which this act has been in force. Debate upon the amendment and the bill itself followed and as indulged in by Buckalew, of Pennsylvania, Rowell, of Illinois: Breekenridge, of Kentucky, Mills, of Texas; Caruth, of Kentucky, Dolliver, of Iowa; Oate, of Alabama; Wilson, of West Virgina and Adams, of Illinois.

Adams, of Hilmois.

Mr. Dodge offered an amendment pro Mr. Dodge offered an amendment providing that as soon as the certificate of the board had been made public any person who was a candidate for election may by motion before the United States circuit court having jurisdiction in the district contest the correctness of the certificate made by the beast and demand an examination and compilation of the returns. The returning officers sind produce before the circuit court all returns process tick. the circuit court all returns, reports, tick-ets and all evidences on which it acted in advance in awarding the certificates. The circuit court shall thereupon determine and certify the person shown entitled to

Also an amendment providing that if there shall be an appeal from the decision of the United States board of canvassers to the timed States board of Canvassers to the circuit court the clerk of the house of representatives shall place on the rolls as the representative electhe name of person certified by said court as entitled to the seat. The amendments were agreed to.

Mr. Hemphill's amendment to strike out the house on his was then lost—yeas 13, mays 134—Messrs, Lehlbach, of New Jersey, and Cheadle, of Indiana, being the only Republicans who its non-cone amendments manual employes.

Mr. Buckalew, of Pennsylvania, then moved to strike out section 38, which changes the law so as to place the selection of jurors in the hands of the clerks of courts. After debate Mr. Buckalew's amendment was adopted—yeas 140, nays 131, Messrs, Frank, Harmer, Lehlbach

notices on the settlers to remove from the lands immediately. Those notices Mr. Plumb referred to as "without paralel as to brutality in the history of civil govern-

Eient."
Mr. Morgan introduced a bill (which was referred to the committee on public lands) providing that no person shall enter of any of public lands of the United States in Wyoming under the homestead or other laws who is a bigamist or polygamist or who teaches, counsels, advises or encourages to enter into bigamy or polygamy, or who is a member of any association that

aches polygamy.

Mr. Davis, from the conference committee, on the legislative appropriation bill reported that the committee had been un-able to agree. If the senate asked a further conference he desired that it should be entrusted to other hands. The as follows: Dawes, Plumb and

A conference was ordered on the agricultural appropriation bill and Messrs. Plumb, Farwell and Call were appointed ronferces on the part of the senate. The consideration of the bill for the ad-

mission of Idaho as a state was resumed and Mr. Vance addressed the senate in op-

and Mr. Vance addressed the senate in opposition to it.

A message from the house of representatives announcing that that body had resolved to adhere to its disagreement to the senate amendments to the legislative appropropriation bill having been presented. Mr. Dawes said that the house having declined to confer further with the senate the only alternative left was to either let the bill fall or to recode from its amendments. He moved that the senate recode. The motion gave rise to a long discussion. Finally the vote was taken and the senate, by yous 19, nays 34, refused to recode from its amendments. The result of the vote is that unless the house reconsiders its action in adhering, or unless the senate reconsiders its action in refusing to recede the legislative bill fails and a new bill will have to be reported and go through all the formalities coned and go through all the formalities con-nected with its consideration in both houses. A motion to reconsider the vote Liberal.

of the senate was made by Mr. Hiscock and was entered.

Mr. Reagan addressed the senate in favor of the senate bill introduced by him on January 6 last, to prevent transportation of merchandise in bond through the ports and territory of the United States into the republic of Mexico and to restore that privilege whenever the zona libra, along the boundary between the two countries, shall be abolished.

At the close of Mr. Reagan's remarks the senate proceeded to executive business and soon adjourned.

If fails, money refunded; Preston's "Hed-Ake."

HOUSE BILLS INTRODUCED. Washington, July 1.—Representative Adams, of Illinois, today submitted to the house a minority report dissenting from the views of the majority of the committee on judiciary upon the bill intended as a substitute for the senate "original packnow" bill.

age" bill.
Representative O'Donnell, of Michigan chairman of the house committee on edu cation, today reported to the house the siducational aid bill agraed upon by a ma-ority of its members, similar in its pro-risions to the Blair educational bill. Several members of the committee say that the report reserves the right to offer amend-ments or oppose the passage of the measure when it shall come before the house for

POSTAL READJUSTMENT.

Washington, July 1.—Under the annual eadjustment of postmasters' salaries, the hanges in the following third class offices a Kansas are shown:

changes in the following third class offices in Kansas are shown:
Increase—Alma, \$1,000 to \$1,100; Argentine, \$1,200 to \$1,300; Beloit, \$1,700 to \$1,800; Caldwell, \$1,400 to \$1,500; Columbus, \$1,700 to \$1,800; Galena, \$1,300 to \$1,400; Holton, \$1,600 to \$1,700; Holton, \$1,600 to \$1,700; Howard, \$1,300 to \$1,400; Marysville, \$1,500 to \$1,600; Olathe, \$1,700 to \$1,500; Olswego, \$1,700 to \$1,500; Pittsburg, \$1,700 to \$1,900; Pheasanton, \$1,100 to \$1,500; St. Marys, \$1,100 to \$1,500; Seneca, \$1,500 to \$1,600; Wakkeeney \$1,400 to \$1,500. Becrease—Ashland, \$1,700 to \$1,000; Baxter Springs, \$1,200 to \$1,000; Bird City \$1,000 to fourth class; Clyde, 21,200 to \$1,600; Colby, \$1,500 to \$1,200; Coldwater, \$1,600 to fourth class; Council Grove \$1,600 to \$1,500; Dighton, \$1,300 to fourth class; Council Grove \$1,600 to \$1,500; Dighton, \$1,300 to fourth class; Council Grove \$1,600 to \$1,500; percesses—Ashand, \$1,400 to \$1,000. Bird City \$1,000 to fourth class; Clyde, 21,200 to \$1,000 to 31,400 Scott, \$1,400 to fourth class; Sedgwick, \$1,000 to fourth class; Smith Center, \$1,300 to \$1,200; Stafford, \$1,000 to fourth class; Stockton, \$1,300; Syracuse, \$1,100 to fourth class; Stockton, \$1,300; Syracuse, \$1,100 to fourth class; Valley Falls, \$1,200 to \$1,100.

The decreases are numerous, there being forty-one in all. The receipts of thirteen offices have decreased to such an extent in the first carriage sat Mrs. Hendricks, Senator Turple, Sculptor R, H. Parks and President Rand, of the Monument association. The decreases are numerous, there being forty-one in all. The receipts of thirteen offices have decreased to such an extent that these offices have been placed in the fourth class. Fourth class postmasters have no fixed salary, their compensation being derived by the number of stamps cancelled at the office.

If you have headache try Preston's "Hed-Ake."

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Washington, July 1,—The pension office issued during the fiscal year just closed 151,658 pension certificates. The number issued during the preceding year was 145,—292. Of the number issued during the year just closed 66,637 were original pensions, which is an increase of nearly 15,000

year just closed 50,63, were original pensions, which is an increase of nearly 15,000 as compared with the number issued during the preceding year.

A meeting of the conferees on the silver bill has been called for tomorrow morning. The navy department has issued a circular inviting proposals for building the 3,800 ton coast line battle ship whose construction was authorized by the naval appropriation act passed by congress a few days ago. The vessels are to cost exclusive of armament not more than \$4,000,000 each, the term armament including besides the guns and ammunition, all armor of turvets, barbetts, gun shields and armored tubes, directly pertaining to the protection of the guns and loading positions. All parts of the vessels shall be of domestic manufacture.

PENSIONS FOR KANSANS.

courts. After debate Mr. Buckalew's amendment was adopted—yeas 140, nays 130. Messas. Frank, Harmer, Leiblach and Lind voted with the Democrates in the affirmative.

Mr.Turker, of Virginia, offered an amendment was adopted—yeas 140, nays 130. Messas. Frank, Harmer, Leiblach and Lind voted with the Democrates in the affirmative.

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Washington, July 1.—The house mill-tary committee has agreed to report favor-ably a bill authorizing the president to prepare a roll of the telegraph operators who served during the late war under the who served during the late war under the orders of commanding officers of the army and to issue to those dead suitable certificates of honorable service with the army, stating the service rendered and the assimilated rank they held. The committee also agreed to report a bill granting broaze medals to each surviving member of the "Forlorn Hope" storming party at Port Hudson in 1800, to fulfill the promises made by Major General N. P. Banks to the members of the party. Also a bill providing a band of thirty musicians for West point, the leader to have the rank of second lieutenant of cavalry.

Swelled in the strains of "America. As they died away, Judge Rand arcse and said: "Ladies and gentlemen. We will unveil the Hendricks monument." Taking the arm of Mrs. Hendricks he escorted her to the base of the monument where she drew the veil of the national colors from the bronze figure of her husband amid the shouts of that vast throng and the booming of the cannon.

The ods written by James Whitcomb Riley was then read.

ODE TO HENDRICKS.

Pride of thy west land, and loved of the nation. second lientenant of cavalry.

DUTY ON SUGAR ASKED. Washington, July 1 - At the meeting of the senate finance committee today a dele-gation of teu or twelve molasses boilers for whom ex-Congressman Meyers of

Pennsylvania was spokesman appeared be-fore the committee and asked a restoration of duty on sugar in order to enable them to continue in business.

Sure cure-Preston's "Hed-Ake," APPROPRIATION BILLS APPROVED. Washington, July I.—The president has approved the naval appropriation bill, the invalid pension bill, the postoffice appro-priation bill and the joint resolution providing temporarily for the expenditures of the government.

MARSHAL AT FOO CHOW. WASHINGTON, July 1.—The president to-day appointed Spencer N. Gracey, of Mass-achusetts, to be marshal of the United States consul court at Foo Chow, China.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS Santa Rosa, Cal., July 1.—Three shocks of earthquake were felt here yesterday. They were not so severe as those of Sunday,

MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT DEAD. LONDON, July 1.—Mr. Wm. Crawford, member of parliament for the middle di-vision of Durham, died today. He was a FITLY HONORED.

UNVEILING OF HENDRICKS' STATUE AT INDIANAPOLIS.

A Monument of Love Erected to Indiana's Most Illustrious Son

Thousands of Distinguished Guests Pay Tribute to the Memory of the Late Vice President.

A Beautiful Day Smiled Upon the Ceremonies of the Occasion-A Notable Parade-A Chorus of One Thousand School Children.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 1.—Today has fitly honored Indiana's most illustrious son. To his memory has been unveiled a monument who solidity is an expression of the indelible love with which a state and nation cherish his memory. The day smiled upon the ceremonies of the occasion. A creat concurse of people men. sion. A great concourse of people, men, women and children continually crowded

women and children continually crowded its way up Illinois street and joined the masses that had collected in the center of the city, and by noon the central streets were surging rivers of humanity. Thousands of flags and thousands of yards of bunting are floating from the windows and roofs of the business houses of Indiannells. The paralle was a notable

in the unveiling by Mrs. Hendricks of the monument to her dead husband was a non-partisan one, which had its inception December 7, 1885, in a meeting of represen-tative citizens of Indianapolis of all partative citizens of Indianapolis of all parties, and at the mass meeting December 12 of that year, the Hendricks Monument association was organized. The monument itself is the work of Richard H. Parks, a celebrated sculptor of Florence, Italy. The design of the pedestal is of the doric order, ornamentation being judiciously but sporingly used. The general dimensions are: Hase twenty-one feet square with a projection of four feet on the right and left sides, six feet high, forming attached pedestals for allegorical seated statues of heroic size representing justice and history. The entire height is about forty feet, including the portrait statue of Hendricks fourteen feet in height. The statue of Hendricks is treated in a bold and vigorous style, but is free height. The statue of Hendricks is treated in a bold and vigorous style, but is free from hasty work. The pose is easy and the expression life like. The fingers of the right hand rest naturally in the vest and the left hand holds a scroll. Many intimate friends of the late vice president pronounce the likeness perfect, and this verdict is accepted without question by those best qualified to judge. The monument stands on the southwest corner of the capital grounds.

At the monument an amphiteater had been erected for the distinguished guests and a chorus of 1,000 school children. The Second regiment band, of Chicago, en

throng was called to order and Governor Alvin P. Hovey, of the Hoosier common wealth, delivered the welcoming speech Judge Rand very briefly reviewed the

swelled in the strains of "America." As they died away, Judge Rand arcse and said: "Ladies and gentlemen. We will unveil the Hendricks monument." Tak-

nation, Leader invincible

Fevered nor flushed by the throngs accla- The Rescuing Party at the Dunbar Mine y a dela-boilers
Steadfastly poised as a star in the skies.
Paths that were night to us
ared be-toration
Brightening still, tall the transcendent

shine. Swiftly withdrawn from us, Now thou art gone from us, Haloes thy deeds with a glory divine.

Versed as thou wert in the lore of ages, Versei as a master in lofty debate, hine was an eloquence kistory's pages Rustlingly whisper in vain to relate, Mute there the wonderful Pathos, or thunderful Flashes of denunciation—not jeers Silent the dutiful

Scorn, and the beautiful Tribute of tremulous sobbing and tears Thine then, the need of a people's affection,

Born above factional wrangle and fray Still warmly bomed in the hearts recolled Naught of thy virtues shall vanish away:

Still in security
Still in security
Rest, in thy purity
ixed as thy monument, towering above—
Ay, and out wearing it.
All time declaring it— Bronze shall outbrave not the legends of

Then Senator Turple made the address

The speaker give a running review of Mr. Hendricks' life. Concerning Mr. Hendricks' life. Concerning Mr. Hendricks' position the late civil war, the speaker said: 'His judgment upon questions of that perilous time was promt and decided. As early as April, 1861, in the first month of the war, in a letter to some of his constituents of Shelby county, he wrote and published these words: 'Since the war commenced I have uniformly said that I regarded it the duty of the citizens of Indiana to respect and maintain the authority of the general government and to give an honest and earnest support to the prosecution of the war until in the providence of God it may be brought to an honorable conclusion and the blessings of peace be restored to our country, postponing until that time all controversy relative to the causes and responsibility therefor." In the same tenor were his numerous addresses to the people in the political campaign of 1862, which immediately preceded his election to the senate of the United States. He entered upon his duties as senator from the state of Indiana on the 4th of March, 1863, and served as such for a term of six years, during which time he constantly acted and voted in aid of the government in every measure looking to the suppression of armed insurrection argainst its authority.

momentous and perplexing period.

The speaker sketched Mr. Hendrick's career after leaving the senate as governor of Indiana and vice president of the United States and closed with a glowing culo-

gioum.

At the conclusion of Senator Turple's address, brief speeches were made by Governor Hill, Francis and Campbell, and after a benediction by Bishop Chatard, the assemblage dispersed.
Letters of regret were received from President Harrison, General Sherman and and ex-Prerident Cleveland.

Immediate, harmless-Preston's "Hed

ATCHISON-FRISCO CHANGES.

St. Louis, Mo. July 1.—Joint circulars of the Atchison-Frisco was issued today from Chicago, President Manyel's headfrom Chicago, President Manvel's head-quarters, announcing the official changes by reason of the Atchison'e absorption of the Frisco. Of course, these changes will effect a considerable saving in the operat-ing expenses of both systems. President Manvel will be here tomorrow and he will go out with General Manager Morrill for a tour of inspection of the Frisco-line. C. D. Simonson, of the Atchison, is appointed general engager agont of the clusive of armament not more than \$4,000.

One each, the term armament including besides the guns and ammunition, all armor of turrets, burbetts, gun shields armor of turrets, burbetts, gun shields armor of the guns and loading positions. All parts of the guns and loading positions. All parts of the vessels shall be of donestic manufacture.

Mr. Butterworth of Ohio, presented the conference report on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill and the house on his motion voted to affere a mendments making senator's clerks aunual employes.

Why suffer? Preston's "Hed-Ake" will cure you.

Intimate friends of the late vice president pronounce the likeness perfect, and this verdict is accepted without question by those best qualified to judge. The monument stands position by those best qualified to southeest corner of the capital grounds.

At the monument an amphiteater had been erected for the distinguished guests and a chorus of 1,000 school children. The Second regiment band, of Chicago, entered the inclosure after a considerable delay and played an overture and when it had finished the first order was secured. The crowd hushed as the fresh voices of the fifth should be proposed to the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the purpose of the capital grounds.

At the monument an amphiteater had been erected for the distinguished guests and a chorus of 1,000 school children. The Second regiment band, of Chicago, entered proposed the second regiment band, of Chicago, entered proposed the purpose of the distinguished guests and a chorus of 1,000 school children. The Second regiment band, of Chicago, entered proposed the first order was secured. The pointed general agent of the Atchison, Frisco at New York, filling that position by those best qualified to rothe the southwest corner of the Atchison and the Frisco at New York, filling that position by those desired guests and a chorus of 1,000 school children. The Second regiment band, of Chicago, entered proposed the purpose of the purpose of the pur in St. Louis. J. M. Sargent is eppointed commercial agent of both systems at Kan-sus City. C. R. Gray, formerly commercial agent of the Frisco at Wichita, is appoint-ed district freight agent of the Atchison-

Judge Rand very briefly reviewed the history of the monument association and the Rev. Dr. J. S. Jenckes, of St. Panl's Episcopal church, invoked the divine blessings on the occasion and its participants.

General Sickles was brought forward, who lifted himself into the stand on his crutches. Judge Rand met him and said: "I now introduce to you General Sickles, who brings a memorial from Tammany Hall."

'I am commissioned by the most ancient political organization in this country to bring this tribute and place it on the tomb of Hendricks. More than thirty years ago I was commissioned to place one on Daniel Webster's tomb. Hendricks, was the colleague of Morton, Chase, Lincoln and Douglass, all giants of the great west. No country can lose such leaders without deep and ass, will become traveling passenger agent of the Frisco, will become traveling passenger agent of the Frisco in St. Louis, will become city passenger agent of the Frisco in St. Louis, will become city passenger agent of the Frisco in St. Louis, will become city passenger agent here for both systems and the Atchies son office will be closed. S. A. Hughes is appointed ticket agent of both systems at the new quarters in the Houser building. All traveling agents of the Santa Fe system will fill the same position for the Frisco system.

W. B. Biddle has been untireight from

tem will fill the same position for the Frisco system.

W. B. Biddle has been appointed assistant freight traffic manager of the Atchison's entire system, with headquarters at Chicago. This will include the Chicago, Santa Fe & California, the Chicago, Kansas & Western, the New Mexico and Arizona, the Sonora, the Southern California and the Wichita and Western.

In the legal department Messrs, Mansfield, Eaton and Pollock, attorneys for the Frisco in Kansas, have resigned and A. A.

DESTROYED BY FIRE.

London, July 1.—A dispatch from Port Louis, Guadalope, received today states

Frisco in Kansas, have resigned and A. A.
Hurd, of the Atchison, is appointed solicitor of the Atchison-Frisco for Kansas, with
headquarters at Topeka. In Texas M. R.
Smith, attorney for the Frisco, his resigned and Messrs. Alexander and Clark, of
Dallas, solicitors of the Gulf, Colorade and
Santa Fe have been appointed solicitors Santa Fe have been appointed solicitor of the Frisco for Texas.

For billions and miasmatic disease Ayer's Ague Care is a safe and radical bany

IN THE SLOPE

Give Up the Search.

DUNBAR, Pa., July 1.—The rescuers dug through into the Hill Farm mine at 3:30 through into the Hill Farm mine at 8:30 this morning but before they had gone far fire and black damp were encountered and the men quickly made their way out of the dangerous pit. The fans were then started and at 9 o'clock this morning nine selected men, including the three name inspectors. District Master Workman Watchern, and Superintendent Hill started on the search for the thirty entombed men. The exploring party were driven back by the smoke after advancing ten feet in the mine. Another attempt will be made this afternoon. It is now certain that Farm afternoon. It is now certain that Farm Hill mine has been filled with smoke and deadly fire damp. At 2 o'clock this after-noon preparations were being made for an-other descent into the mine.

IN THE SLOPE. DUNBAR, Pa., July 1.—The work of resure has been abandoned. Two dinner cue has been abandoned. Two dinne buckets and coats were found by the par ty. The thirty-one men are in the slop-and were undoubtedly burned to death.

A TERRIFIC STORM. Madison, Wis, July 1.—A terrific storm passed around both sides of this city yesterday morning. Telegraph wires are prostrated both north and west. REVOLT IMMINENT.

TORIES ENGAGED TRYING TO SAVE THEIR GOVERNMENT.

England and Germany's Attitude Toward Portugal Regarding African Possessions.

A Bill in the House to Prevent the Murder of Children for the Sake of Insurance Money.

Germany Has Taken No Steps to Counteract any Possible Injury to Her

is88, and served as such for a term of six years, during which time he constantly acted and voted in aid of the government in every measure looking to the suppression of armed insurrection against its authority, although he always reserved the right as a senator to freely discuss the civil policy of the administration. At the conclusion of the civil war, in that day which saw the surrender of the confederate army, there came the question as to what disposition should be made of the states whose people had taken part in the insurrection designed to subvert the government. In this crisis of deliberation he stood upon his side almost alone. With the immovable calm and quiet which sustain a high spirit upon great occasions at a very early period in the debate upon the bill for the establishment of military governments in the southern states he took his position. In this course so taken, of a regular and legitimate reconstruction of the union of the states few followed him. This doctrine from the very day and hour of its utterance was rejected with every epithet of repreach and contunely. It was beaten, submerged by large majorities in both houses of congress. decried as an unconditional surrender to the enemy. In the pelting storm of opposition and detraction, its author and advocate remained unmoved; not only waiting but laboring with all diligence for that reversal of opinion among his countrymen, which after years of foll and strife came at last. Hendricks lived to see these principles, once so much denounced, universally approved; to see this policy of reconstruction adopted as the basis of all legislation upon the subject; ultimately to behold these tenets sanctioned and declared to be the law of the land, by its highest tribunal, the supreme court of the United States. Thus taught the lesson of those days never to be forgotten that a war had been waged for the preservation of the union, not for the destruction of states. Amid the clange of arms, the shoulings and thunderings of embatthed hosts, scarcely died

TO PREVENT CHILD MURDER.

London, July 1.—A select committee of the house of lords is considering the bill introduced by the bishop of Peterborough to prevent the murder of children for the sake of insurance money. The bill provides that the money in all cases of death of children insured shall be paid only to the undertaker and no surplus to the parents or other parties insuring. This is to prevent parents from deriving any profit from the death of a child. About 600,000 children are insured in Great Britain every children are insured in Great Britain every year and it believed that many of these are permitted to die from criminal neglect of not directly murdered in order to gain the

It cures headache only-Preston's "Hed

ONE OF THE UNWRITTEN POINTS. LONDON, July 1.—One of the unwritten points in the agreement between England points in the agreement between England and Germany is that Portugal is to be ground between the millstones of the two empires so far as its African possessions are concerned. Portugal is powerless to object and her cause is not helped by the fact that her colonial officers have involved themselves in a war with the strong African kingdom of Bine. They raised several children who were accepted as members of the ruling family. is the ruling family.

A SEMI-OFFICIAL DENIAL Berlin, July 1.—A semi-official derial is made here of the statement published in yesterday's evening papers to the effect that the powers of continental Europe. headed by termany, had agreed to establish mutual repressive tariffs against American exports if the McKinley bill now pending before the American congress becomes a law. Germany has taken no steps to counteract any possible injury her American trade by the McKinley

Cures while you wait-Preston's "Hed-

LONDON, July 1.—A dispatch from Port Louis, Guadalope, received today states that the principal buildings in that place have been destroyed by fire. The total of have been destroyed by fire. The total of the losses are \$30,000. Many of the in habitants lost all their effects by the con-flagration and are entirely destinate.

ARRIVED IN SAFETY. Loxpon, July L -- A telegram has beer received here announcing that the life-boat, Storm King, which started from here to Cape Town and the latter place to Al-bany, West Australia, has completed the long voyage in safety. She arrived at Al-

MUNICH ART EXHIBITION. MUNICH, July 1.—The Munich art exhibition opened today in the presence of Prince Leopold, the regent and the members of the royal family.



SEVERAL bottles of Swift's Specific (S.S.S.) settinely cleaned my system of contagious entirely cleaned my system of contagious blood poison of the very worst type,
W.M. S. LOOMIS, Shreveport, La.

IN ITS WORST FORMS. 

CURES SCROFULA EVEN

HAS CURED HUNDREDBOF S.S.S. CASES OF SKIN CANCER. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases malled

## UNLOADING SALE A SUCCESS

We have too many goods and must sell. Cost not a basis for our cut prices. A small loss now better than a greaterone later in the season.

loading cut.

loading this week.

Tourist Ruching only 15c for a box. Unloading.

LACE : CURTAINS!

\$10.00 curtains cut to \$6.00

7.00 curtains cut to 3.50

6.00 curtains cut to 3.00 2.00 curtains cut to 98

SUPPOSE You do not like the Arcade, loading. and suppose you do not like Real French challies, sold the clerks, even this will not elsewhere at 60c, but the Arjustify you in paying your cade cuts to 48c this week. old store 50 cents for what Unloading. the Arcade offers you for 38 | 35c Pure Mohairs, cut to cents. It is the goods you 23c. Unloading. friendship of the clerks, yard. Thloading.

Fast Black French Sat-True, pleasant clerks are teens 35c, cut to 163c. Un-much more popular than unpleasant clerks, but the Big white goods sale. Un-fact still remains that you cannot afford to pay for the Evening Zephyr shawls treatment you are entitled only \$1. Unloading. to free of charge. We want to free of charge. We want your business on a business basis; namely, the lowest prices for Dry Goods to be had in Wichita.

The Arcade cutting prices this week to unload surplus stock.

10 dozen large damask No charge for poles and towels, hand knotted fringe regular price 40c, cut to 25c Double printed challies, worth 25c, cut to 13c. Un-

want to buy and not the Real Pongee Silk 45c per

## ARCADE!

NOW FOR ANOTHER BLOW OUT!

## Dumping: Bargains!





We are selling them cheaper than ever heard of before. This serious decline in prices is deplorable, but it cannot be helped, the goods must go.

> We must and shall have a Live Business.

COLE & JONES,

DRS. TERRILL & PURDY.

DOCTOR TERRILL DOCTOR PURDY, 154 N MAIN ST. WICHITA. KAN. SUFGEOD, Oculist and Aurist

Cures diseases of women heretofore abandoned by the profession. Such as fibroid tumors, displacements, enlargements, pralapsus, etc., by the use of electricity, according to the methfibroid tumors, displacements, en largements, pralapsus, etc., by the use of electricity, according to the meth-lods elaborated by the great French Surgeon Apostoli.

The doctor gives special attention to the treatment of all diseases of the EYE, including the scientific adjust-ment of glasses to correct imperfect

Surgeon Apostoli.

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